FHKU 1/4 PVDF



# DATA SHEET



## FHKU G1/4" PVDF Part number: 938-13xx/C01x



## General Description

The FHKU Flowmeter is a general-purpose device; its working range can be individually defined according to its nozzle size. It is employed for measuring, regulating or metering and guarantees most precise measurement of fluid quantities. In addition, a pulse generator integrated into the flowmeter guarantees a practically unlimited useful life. Special features: Able to withstand high temperatures, good resistance to chemicals. Linear inlet and outlet, compact design, great working range, depending on the nozzle diameter. Employed in the semiconductor (wafer polishing) sector due to the high purity of materials used.

#### **Approvals / Standards**

EN55014-1:00+A1:01+A2:02, EN61000-6-3:01+A11:04, IEC61000-6-3:06(ed.2.0), EN61000-3-2:06, IEC61000-3-2:05(ed.3.0), EN61000-3-3:95+A1:01+A2:05, IEC61000-3-3:94+A1:01+A2:05(cons.ed 1.2), EN55014-2:97+A1:01, EN61000-6-1:01, IEC61000-6-1:05(ed.2)

## CE

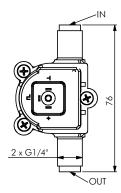
Material:		Technical data:		Ele
Housing:	PVDF	Flow rate:	0.04 - 15 l/min depending	Pow
Bearing pin: Nozzle:	PCTFE Ø 1.0, 1.2, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0mm PTFE	Continuous operation: Measuring accuracy:		Cons Sign Sign
Nozzle:	Ø 5.6mm like housing	Repetition:	<+/- 0.25%	Sign
O-ring:	FPM (Viton) EPDM / Kalrez on request	Temperature range:	-10°C to +100°C 14°F to 212°F	Sign
Turbine:	PVDF 2 Magnets 4 Magnets on request	Pressure range:	20 bar at 20°C 290 psi /68°F	Leak Conr
Magnete:	Ceramic Sr Fe O (not in contact with the medium)	Mounting position: Nozzle size:	Horizontal * Ø 1.0, 1.2, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0,	Sign Duty
Screws:	Inox A2 PT-screws (Phillips cross recessed)		4.0, 5.6mm	,

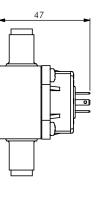
#### Electrical connection ratings:

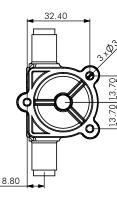
Power supply:	+3.8 to $+24$ VDC
Consumption:	<8 mA
Signal connection:	Open collector NPN
Signal voltage:	0 VDC GND (saturation <0.7 V)
Signal load:	max. 20 mA
Leakage current:	max. 10 $\mu$ A
Connections:	3Pin- AMP 2.8 x 0.8 mm
Signal:	Square-wave output
Duty Cycle:	~50%

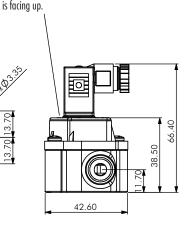
\* Horizontal position is, when this side

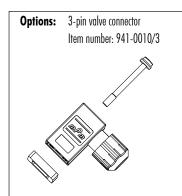
#### **Dimensions in mm:**











#### RESISTANCE

Special regulations which must be complied with by the flowmeter manufacturer apply to each country, e.g. CE, NSF, FDA and SK. The various media flowing through the flowmeter differ from application to application. You are advised to enquire with the medium manufacturer as to whether the entire installation and the flowmeter are resistant to the medium itself (see Material)!

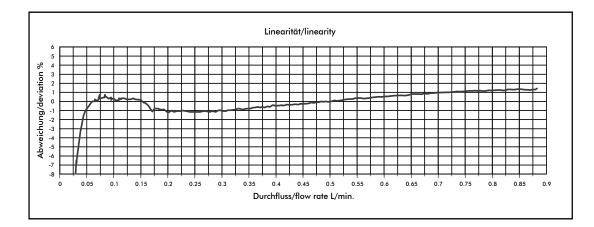
#### **ELECTRONIC**

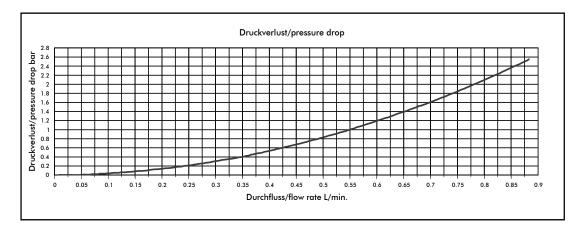
• The flowmeter does not supply an output voltage but switches the signal terminal to 0 V ground (actuated) or leaves it open (non-actuated)

• There must be a pull-up resistor between power supply + and signal depending on electronic circuitry!



## Measurement Curve FHKU Ø1.00mm





Getestet mit Wasser, max. Druck: 3.3 bar / Tested with water, max. pressure 3.3 bar

#938-1310/C012 (2 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 1.00 mm	2063	0.48	0.04	0.54	1.0

#938-1310/C014 (4 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 1.00 mm	4126	0.24	0.04	0.54	1.0

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

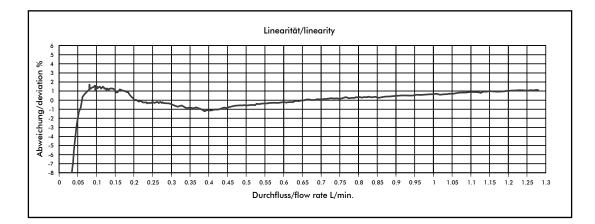
The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation.

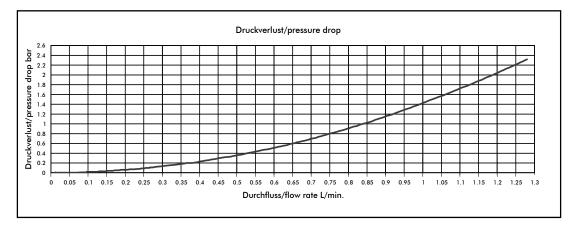
We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Note the mounting position of the flowmeter
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flowmeter
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical current peaks
- Incorrect cabling of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flowmeter
- Do not mechanically load electrical contacts
- · Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)



# Measurement Curve FHKU Ø1.20mm





Getestet mit Wasser, max. Druck: 3.3 bar / Tested with water, max. pressure 3.3 bar

#938-1312/C012 (2 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 1.20 mm	1700	0.59	0.05	0.84	1.0

#938-1312/C014 (4 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 1.20 mm	3400	0.29	0.05	0.84	1.0

#### The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

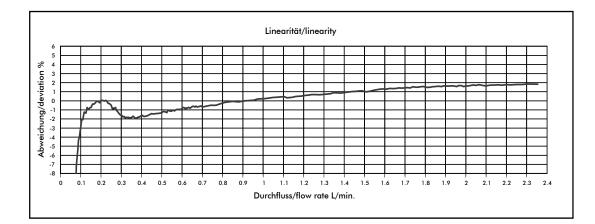
The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation.

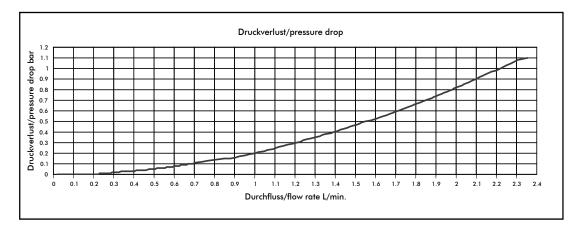
We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Note the mounting position of the flowmeter
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flowmeter
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- Avoid electrical current peaks
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## Measurement Curve FHKU Ø2.00mm





Getestet mit Wasser, max. Druck: 3.3 bar / Tested with water, max. pressure 3.3 bar

#938-1320/C012 (2 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 2.0 mm	988	1.0	009	2.4	1.0

#938-1320/C014 (4 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 2.0 mm	1976	0.5	0.09	2.4	1.0

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

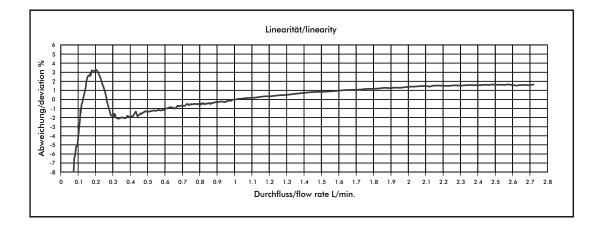
The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation.

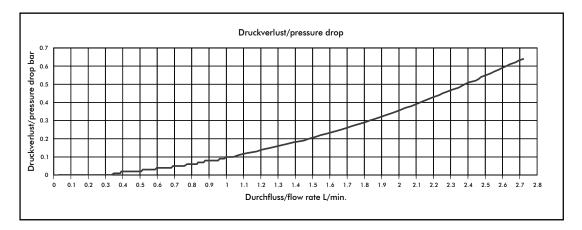
We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Note the mounting position of the flowmeter
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flowmeter
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical current peaks
- Incorrect cabling of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flowmeter
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## Measurement Curve FHKU Ø2.50mm





Getestet mit Wasser, max. Druck: 3.3 bar / Tested with water, max. pressure 3.3 bar

#938-1325/C012 (2 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 2.5 mm	760	1.3	0.11	2.72	0.64

#938-1325/C014 (4 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 2.5 mm	1520	0.65	0.11	2.72	0.64

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

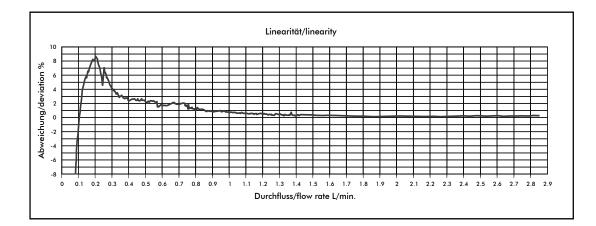
The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation.

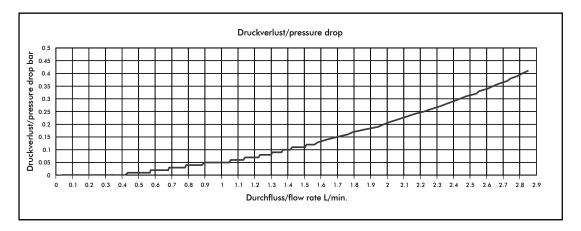
We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Note the mounting position of the flowmeter
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flowmeter
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- · Avoid electrical current peaks
- Incorrect cabling of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flowmeter
- Do not mechanically load electrical contacts
- · Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
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## Measurement Curve FHKU Ø3.00mm





Getestet mit Wasser, max. Druck: 3.3 bar / Tested with water, max. pressure 3.3 bar

#938-1330/C012 (2 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 3.0 mm	565	1.76	0.10	5.63	1.0

#938-1330/C014 (4 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 3.0 mm	1130	0.88	0.10	5.63	1.0

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

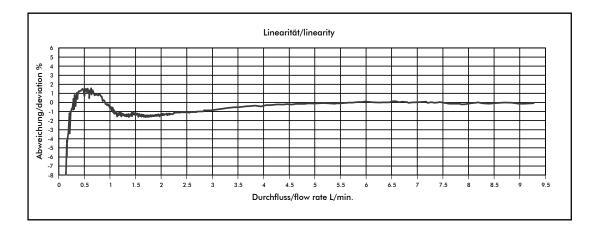
The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation.

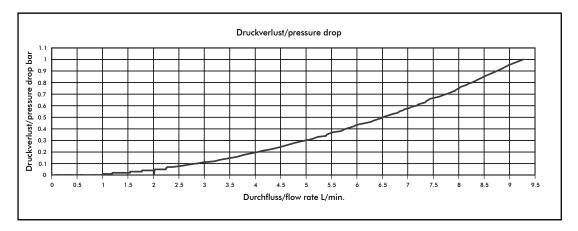
We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Note the mounting position of the flowmeter
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flowmeter
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical current peaks
- Incorrect cabling of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flowmeter
- Do not mechanically load electrical contacts
- · Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)



## Measurement Curve FHKU Ø4.00mm





Getestet mit Wasser, max. Druck: 3.3 bar / Tested with water, max. pressure 3.3 bar

#938-1340/C012 (2 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 4.0 mm	381	2.62	0.20	9.27	1.0

#938-1340/C014 (4 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 4.0 mm	762	1.31	0.20	9.27	1.0

The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

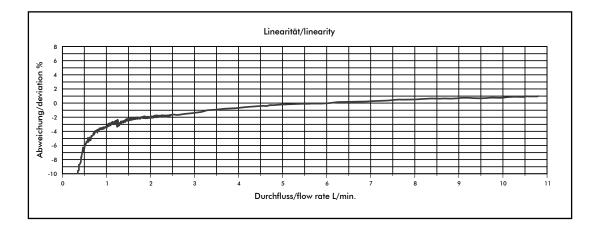
The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation.

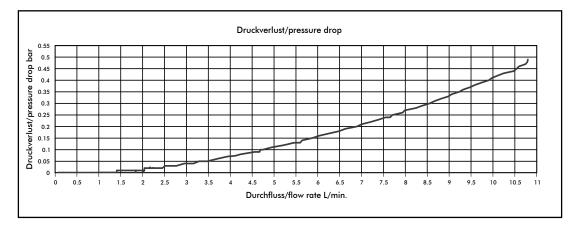
We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Note the mounting position of the flowmeter
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flowmeter
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical current peaks
- Incorrect cabling of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flowmeter
- Do not mechanically load electrical contacts
- · Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)



# Measurement Curve FHKU Ø5.60mm





Getestet mit Wasser, max. Druck: 3.3 bar / Tested with water, max. pressure 3.3 bar

#938-1356/C012 (2 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 5.6 mm	236	4.22	1.78	10.79	0.5

#938-1356/C014 (4 Magnets)

Nozzle size	Pulses/litre	g/pulse	min. flow rate in [litres/min] at linear start	max. flow rate in [litres/min]	Pressure loss in [bar]
Ø 5.6 mm	472	2.11	1.78	10.79	0.5

#### The values specified must be considered as approximate values.

The number of pulses per litre may differ depending on medium and installation.

We recommend to calibrate the number of pulses per litre in line with the complete installation.

- Ensure that there is no fast-pulsatory movement of the media
- Ensure that there are no reverse pressure surges
- Ensure that there is no air in the system
- Keep the pressure loss as small as possible
- Note the mounting position of the flowmeter
- Min/max flow should be in the linear range of the selected flowmeter
- Clean the system at appropriate intervals
- Avoid electrical current peaks
- Incorrect cabling of power supply +, signal and ground will destroy the flowmeter
- Do not mechanically load electrical contacts
- · Avoid moisture on the electrical contacts
- Avoid stray pick-up via the cable (Do not lay cables in parallel with high current loads)